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Taipei-Moscow Economic and Cultural Coordination Commission

Workshop of the Steering Group on Knowledge Triangle (Research, Education and Innovation) -Cross-border Cooperation in the Knowledge Triangle, Higher School of Economics

Introduction of MOST

- National Science Council (NSC) since 1959
- The highest government agency responsible for
 - promoting Taiwan S&T development
 - funding academic research programs/projects and activities
- MOST effective March 3, 2014
 - retain the NSC's tradition of innovative measures and programs
 - bring academic research another step closer to industrial application
 - foster an innovative and entrepreneurial spirit and encourage creativity in science and technology

Taiwan Science & Technical Constitution

Much of Taiwan's achievement in science and technology is attributable to the first constitution of national Sci&Tech policies: Guidelines for the Long-range Development of Science, which formulated in 1959.

- ✓ Over half-century, a raft of S&T policies and programs were implemented.
- ✓ In 1990s, the launch of a series of National Science and Technology Programs to address needs ranging from of VLSI, Display, Telecom to Disaster prevention.

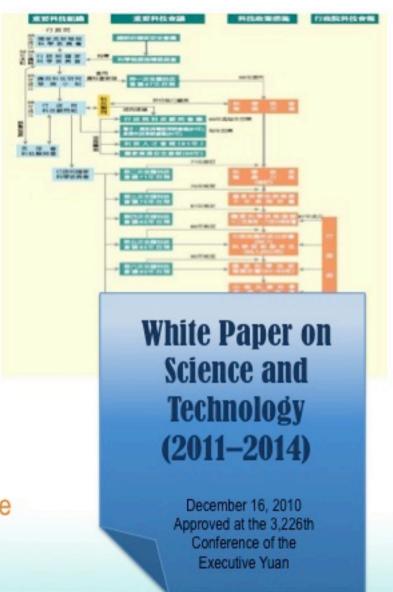
In 1999, the Fundamental Science and Technology Act was established to provided sound legal framework for government promotion of S&T progress.

- ✓ The government drafts national S&T development plans every four years.
- ✓ The act was amended in November 2011 (The Bayh-Dole Act of Taiwan),
 to grant government-funded research to organizations and schools.
- ➤ The strategic documents governing international S&T collaboration of Taiwanwith specific nations/regions is inherently guided by the Act.

Taiwan Science & Technical Constitution

Based on the Fundamental Science and Technology Act, the government drafts national S&T development plans every four years.

- ➤ The strategic plan governing international S&T collaboration of Taiwanwith specific nations/regions is inherently conducted by:
- Executive Yuan, Science and Technology Advisory Board Meeting
- National Science and Technology Conference



Taiwan Science & Technical Constitution

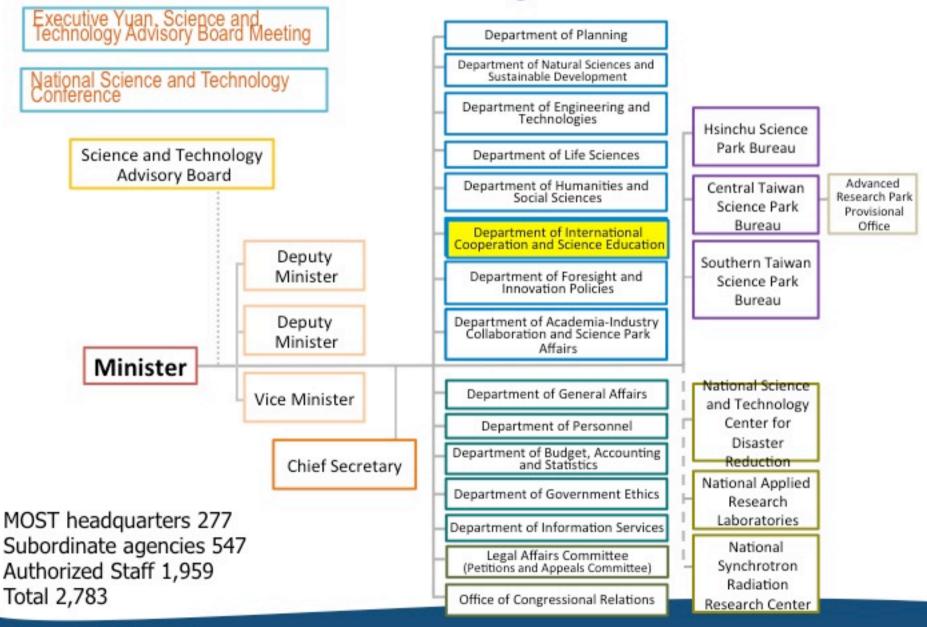
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便 Ministry of Science and Technology MOST Organization



MOST - Missions

1. Promote National S&T Development

2. Support Academic Research and Manpower Cultivation

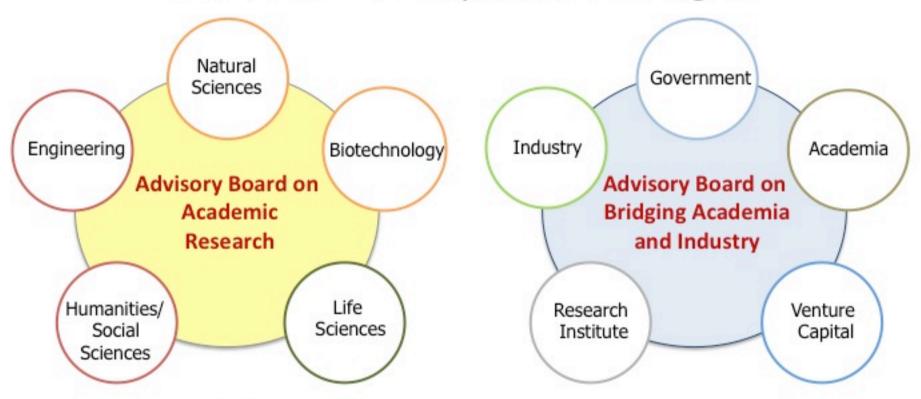
3. Facilitate Academia-Industry Collaboration

4. Develop Science Parks

Mission 1: Promote National S&T Development

- Plan national S&T development strategies
- Plan, coordinate, and evaluate government S&T development programs
- Review S&T budget allocation
- Manage National Science and Technology Development Fund
- Oversee other S&T development matters
- ➤ To identify thematic areas of S&T cooperation with foreign states

Plan S&T Development Strategies



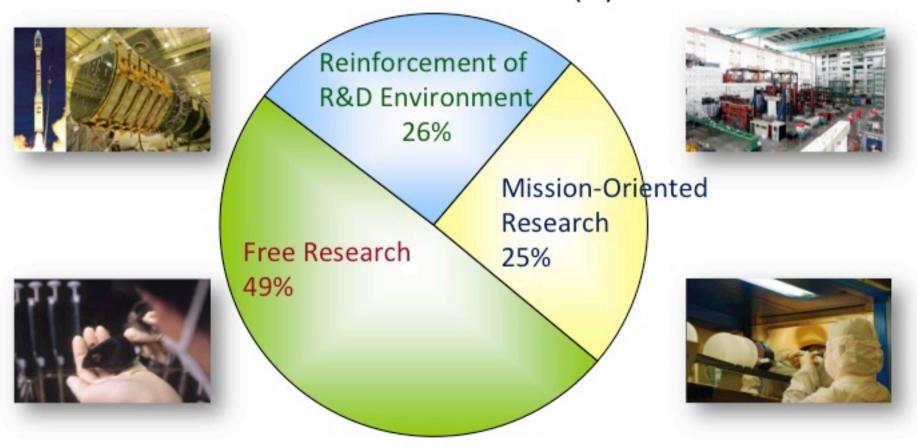
Promoting Academic Research Excellence and Innovation

Strengthening Academia-Industry Links and Encouraging Demand-Oriented Innovative R&D

The advisory board are involved in planning international S&T cooperation and to identify thematic areas of S&T cooperation with foreign states

Mission 2: Support Academic Research

Grant Use Mechanism (%)



of 2014 MOST budget: NT\$35 billion (1,157 US million)

Mission 2: Support Academic Research

R&D Environment Reinforcement

Establishing core facilities and sharing major instruments



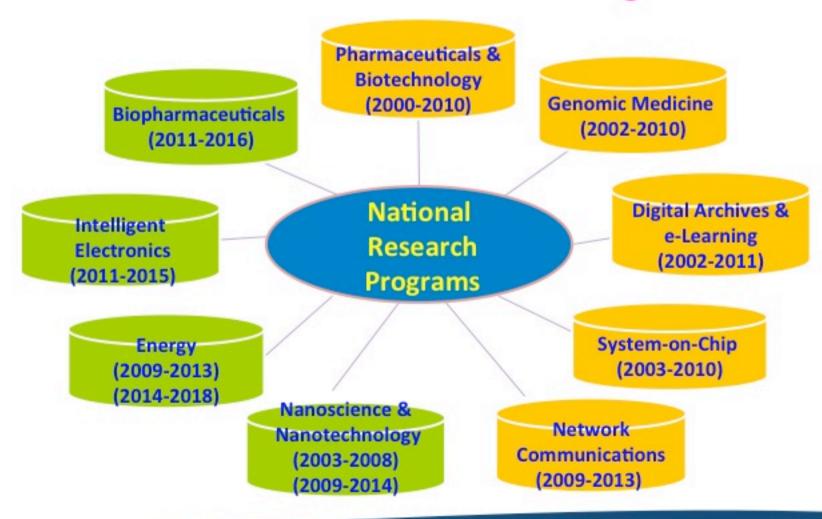
- Common Lab with core facilities such as astronomy, biotechnology, brain and mind, etc.)
- Developing cutting-edge research platforms (e.g., The National Applied Research Laboratories)
- Creating advanced synchrotron light sources
- Enhancing the humanities and social sciences research environment





Mission 2: Support Academic Research

Mission-Oriented Research Programs



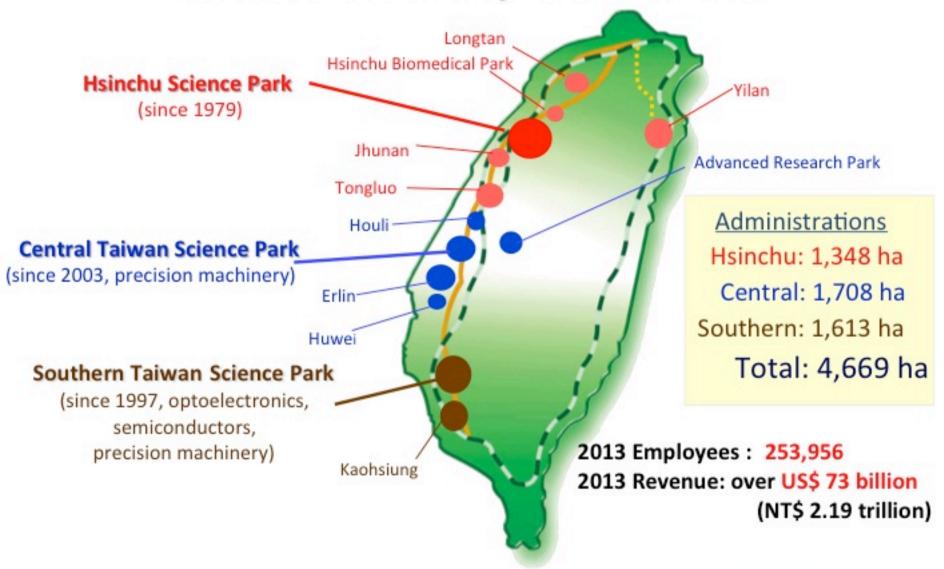
Mission 3: Facilitate Academia-Industry Collaboration

Links Frontier Research and Innovation Technologies

- Industry-Academic Cooperative Research Projects
- PIONEER Grants for Frontier Technologies
 Development by Academia-Industry Cooperation
- Academia-Industry Technological Alliance Projects
- Industrial Fundamental Technology Projects
- Applied Research Incubation Projects
- From IP to IPO (FITI)
- Germination Program

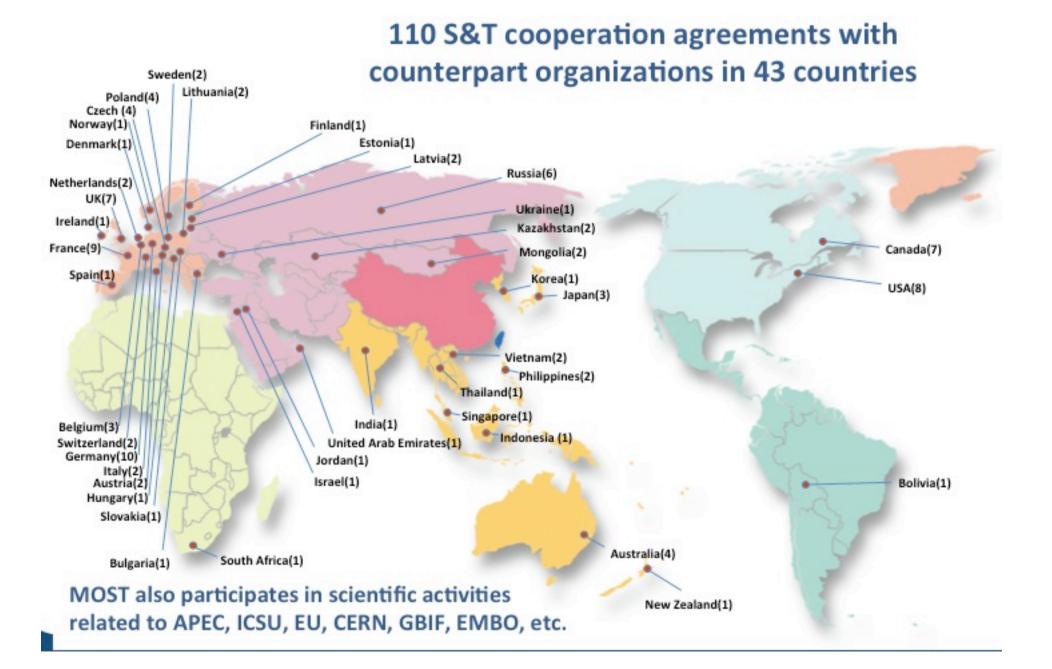


Mission 4: Develop Science Parks



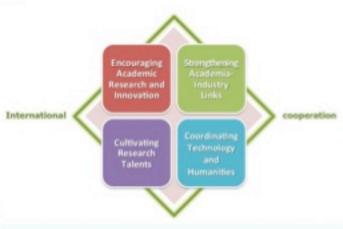
MOST International S&T Cooperation

- Develop S&T network of International exchange relationships
- Promote bilateral and multilateral S&T cooperation
- Currently, oversea 16 S&T divisions in 13 nations
 - Promote S&T partnerships with host nations
 - Conduct bilateral/multilateral S&T cooperation
 - connect scientists with those in nations
 - recruit overseas S&T professionals to Taiwan



Variety of instruments can support cross-border S&T innovation

- Cross-border cooperative research funding programmes;
- Cross-border research excellance programmes;
- Joint programmes for innovative research ComLab;
- Joint programs for youth scientists cultivation and scholor exchange
- Joint programs for talent attraction initiatives;
- Cross-border soft support to innovative start-ups;
- Joint technology transfer infrastructure;
- Cross-border technology parks or incubators;
- Cross-border venture capital schemes;
- ...



Funding Mechanisms for International Collaboration

A. Joint Research Proi

- Bottom up free applications
 Top-down joint call for proposals
 Joint conferences/symposia/workshops

- B. People Mobility
 Exchange of visits + overseas research study/training
 - Summer institutes in Taiwan

C. Mission-Oriented Program

Taiwan innovation and entrepreneurship center





International Cooperation Strategy

Polishing Program

Dragon Gate Program

NCP-Taiwan

I-RiCE (International Research -intensive Center of Excellence) etc

Specific Programme
Excellence RD HUB

Int'l Research Asso:

APEC ' EU ' EMBO

ICSU \ ALMA

CERN . ASEAN

Participation
Global Research Units

Bilateral joint research projects Int'l Workshops with SEA countries Connections with OTR

Frontier Research Infrastructures Team Cultivate Research Talents
Research Infrastructures
for Coss-Borad Cooperation

Short-term and Long-term Tw Researchers Abroad Foreign Researchers in TW Lutual Visits

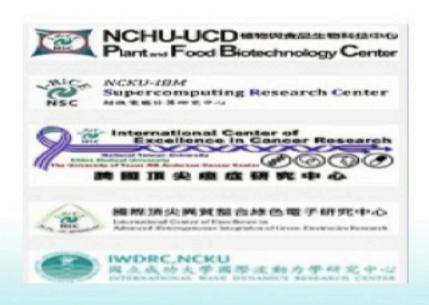
International Research Intensive for Center of Excellence (I-RiCE)

To enhance the cooperation between research universities in Taiwan and top international research institutions (global top 50 universities and renowed labs)

To establish the Center as a research hub to attract internationally renowned scholars and researchers to the Center and conduct joint research work with domestic researchers

3-5 ys program, funding up to 1.7 millions per year



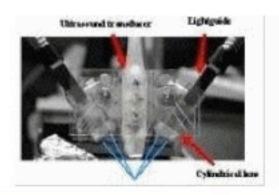


Stanford-Taiwan Biomedical Fellowship Program (STB Program)

- STB Program is multidisciplinary training program, blend between innovative Med Tech in the Bay Area and young scientist from Taiwan.
- the goals is to train the next generation of medical technology innovators and create an innovative Med Tech platform in Taiwan; couple with the Taiwan infrastructure of manufacturing, miniaturization, and cost reduction may be the perfect environment to surround these innovative kernels.



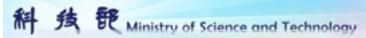






PROGRAMS

Stanford-Taiwan Biomedical Fellowship Program



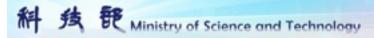
Science and Technology Policy Analysis and Planning

Science & Technology Policy Research and Information Center (STPI), established in 1974

- ✓ Aims to support government's technology policy-making and addressing social needs for globalization and the coming era of knowledge economy.
- ✓ Functioning as main government think-tank for science and technology policy and major platform for incorporating Taiwan's research communities.

STPI has utilized, over 30 years experience, in collecting, collating and disseminating science & technology information for the purposes of innovation, competitiveness, sustainable development and social well-being and has integrated and provided with several nationwide technology related information services in improving the efficiency of scientific research.





Technology Trend Analysis and Foresight Planning

The policy research, monitoring and evaluation of National Science and Technology (2014.02.01-2017.01.31)



- 1.To systematically monitor and explore trends in technology dynamics, (focus on the area of ICT & IoT, Machinery & Precision Manufacturing, Advanced Materials and etc.)
- 2.To develop an evidence-based planning tool/process for priority setting by such approaches as scenarios, bibliometrics, participatory methods and etc.
- 3.To explore useful "strategic intelligence" for policy makers to assist in the formation process of national science and technology policies.



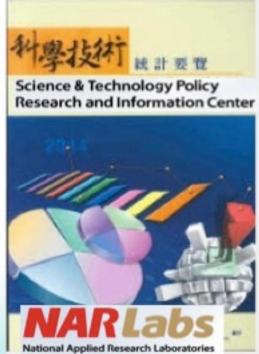
Science and Technology Policy Analysis and Planning



Methods of Technology Forecasting

- Commonly adopted methods of technology forecasting include the Delphi method, forecast by analogy, growth curves and extrapolation.
- Normative methods of technology forecasting — like the relevance trees, morphological models, and mission flow diagrams —also used.





Thanks for your participation

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